Abstract

The present invention is obtained from the hyphae and sclerotium of Kabanoanatake [scientific name: Fuscoporia obliquea (Fr.) Aoshima], from which an antiviral agent with molecular weight of less than 450,000 is obtained. Since the present invention also has antimicrobial effects, it is effective for bacterial diseases caused by Helicobacter pylori. It provides an antiviral therapeutic agent made by a steady artificial culture method.